

# Climate Change and Arctic Fisheries

Mike Sigler NOAA Alaska Fisheries Science Center

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NOAA FISHERIES SERVICE



## **Outline: Zoogeography and Arctic Fisheries**

- Economic importance
- Oceanography and zoogeography
- Ecosystem changes
- Surveys
- NOAA policies on Arctic fishing



### **Economic Importance**

## Bering Sea Fisheries

 2 million metric tons annually



M. Jones, NMFS





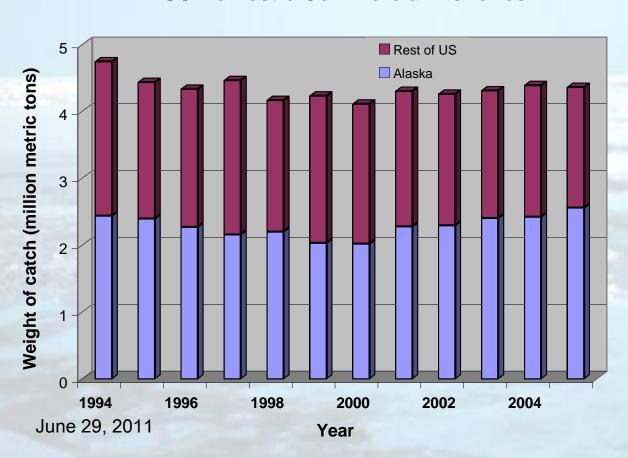




#### Alaska Feeds the Nation

Largest private sector employer in Alaska

#### **US Domestic Commercial Fisheries**





#### U.S. Arctic Fisheries

- Commercial
  - None in EEZ waters
  - Possibly some
     personal use fishery
     sales in nearshore
     waters: red king
     crab, chum salmon,
     whitefishes

- Subsistence
  - Dolly Varden
  - Whitefishes
  - Arctic cod
  - Saffron cod
  - Sculpins

Several hundred tons annually (Arctic Ocean totals 12,800 t)

## Subsistence Harvests Critical for Many Coastal Communities



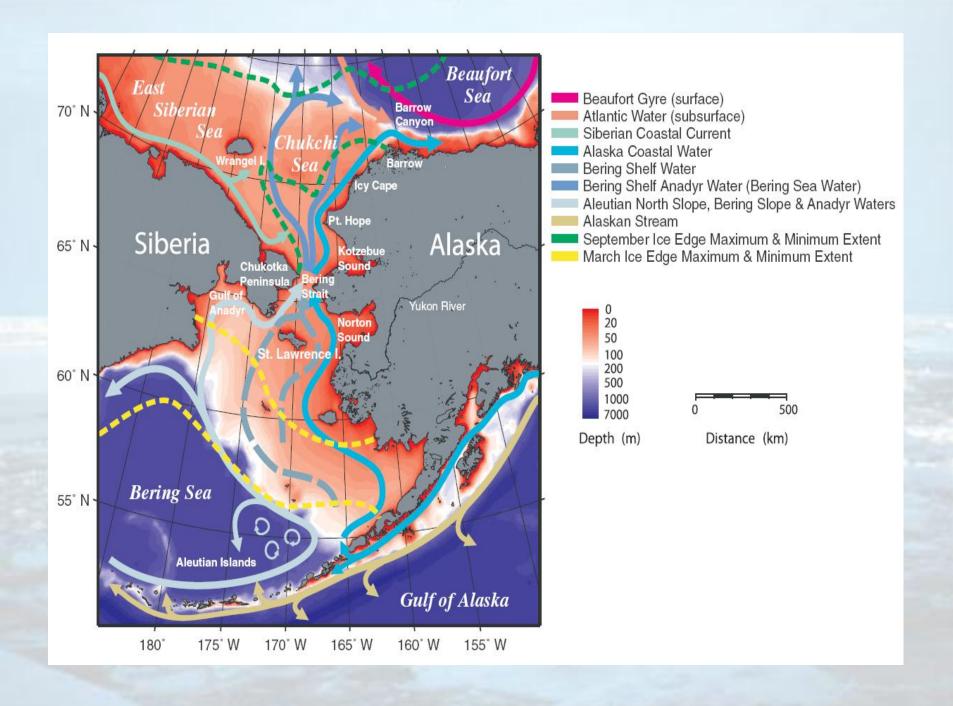




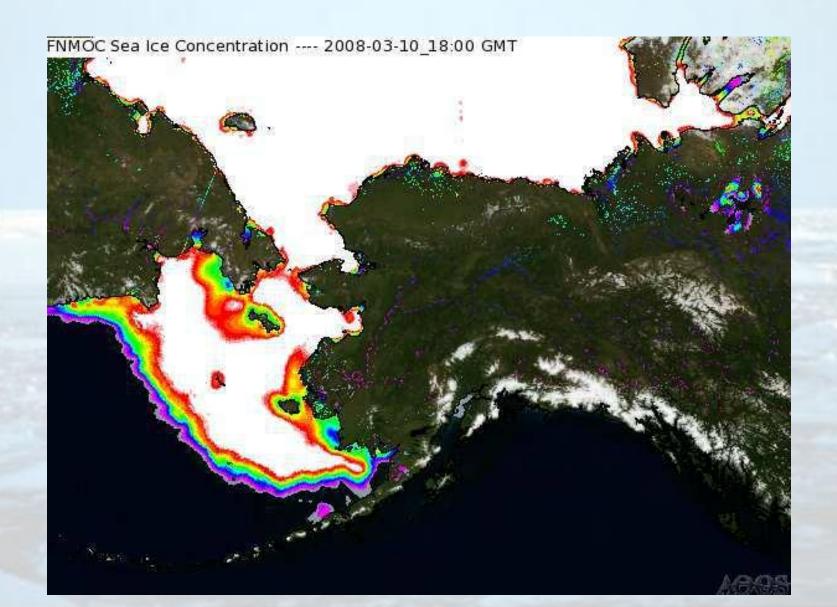
07B17, 856 cm, male; 9 October 2007 Barrow, Captain: Jonathan Aiken



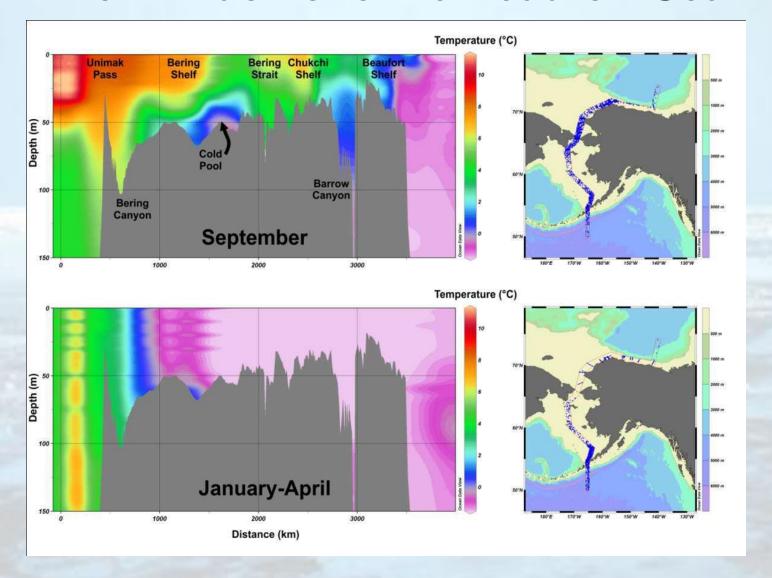
# Oceanography and Zoogeography



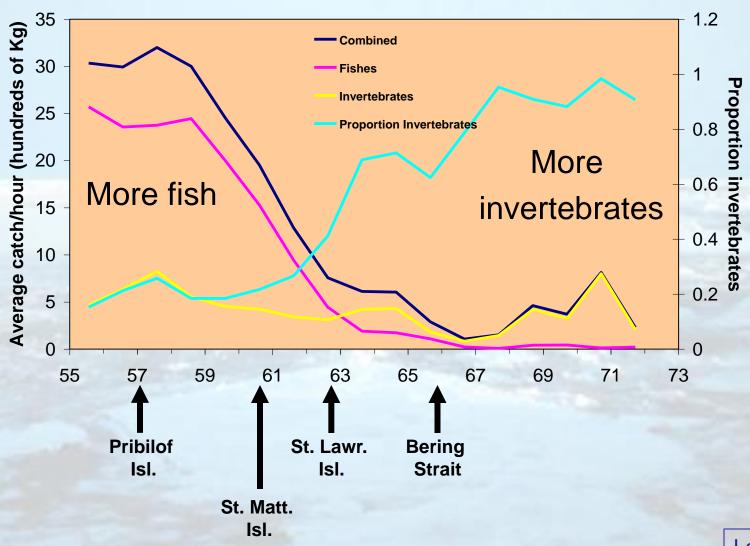
## Winter ice extent



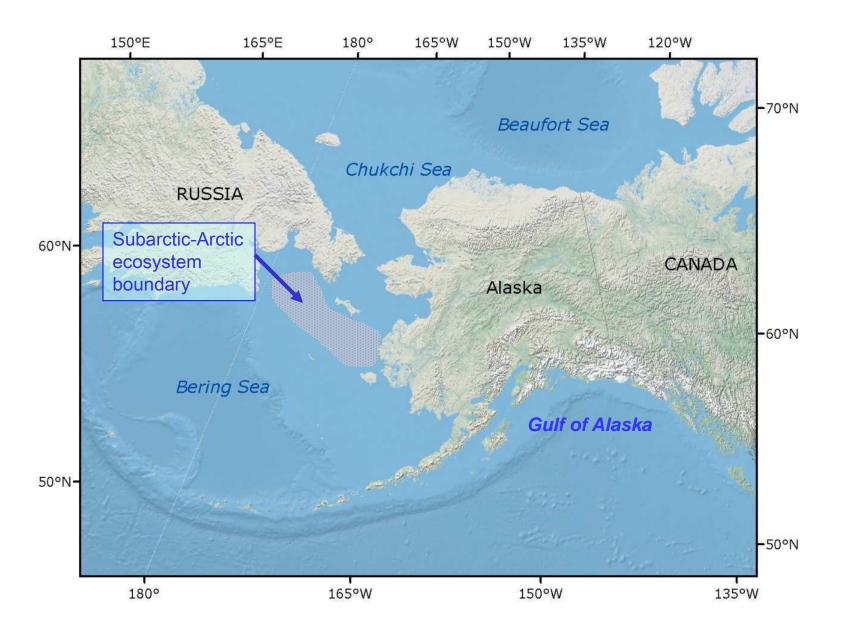
# Cross-section of temperatures North Pacific to the Beaufort Sea



## Bottom trawl surveys in the eastern Bering and Chukchi Seas



#### U.S. Arctic and Subarctic

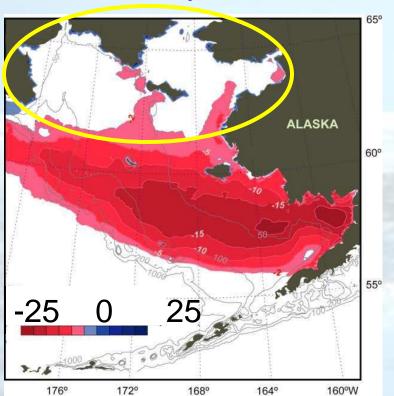




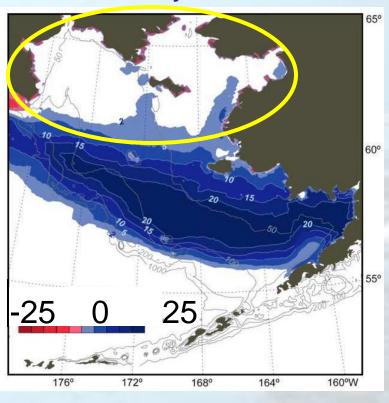
### **Ecosystem Changes**

# Northern Bering Sea remains cold

Warm years

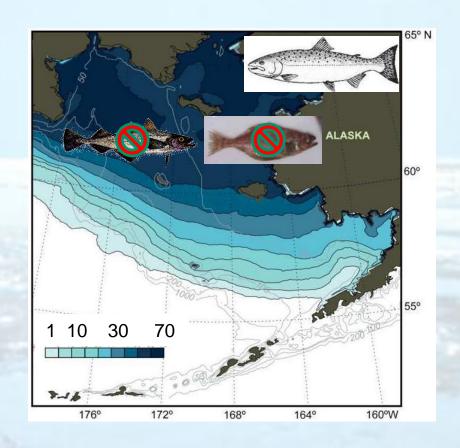


Cold years



The anomalies of sea-ice coverage during March and April during warm years (2001-2005, left) and cold years (2007-2010, right) (Stabeno, Farley, Kachel, Moore, Mordy, Napp, Overland, Pinchuk, Sigler)

# The cold pool will remain and determine habitat suitability



The average number of days in which sea-ice was present in March and April during 2001-2010. Stabeno, Farley, Kachel, Moore, Mordy, Napp, Overland, Pinchuk, Sigler

# Significant Northward Displacement within the southeastern Bering Sea



Greenland halibut 98 km



Snow crab 89 km

Bering flounder 76 km



Arrowtooth flounder 46 km



Eulachon 34 km



Flathead sole 57 km



Plus 8 other species

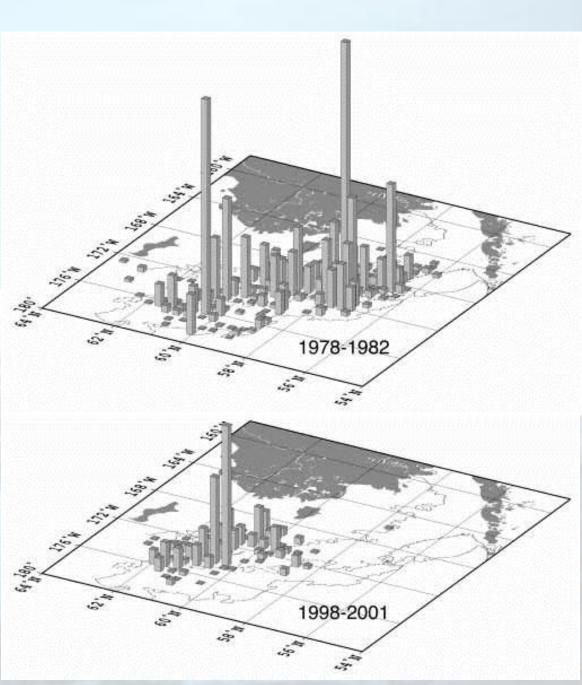
Pacific halibut 55 km

Mueter, F.J. and M.A. Litzow. 2008. Sea ice retreat alters the biogeography of the Bering Sea continental shelf. Ecol. Appl. 18: 309-320. Significant defined as p < 0.05. 1982-2006 Bering Sea bottom trawl surveys. Also see: Spencer, P.D. 2008. Density-independent and density-dependent factors affecting temporal changes in spatial distributions of eastern Bering Sea flatfish. Fish. Oceanogr.17: 396-410.

# Snow Crab Population Has Diminished and Contracted North



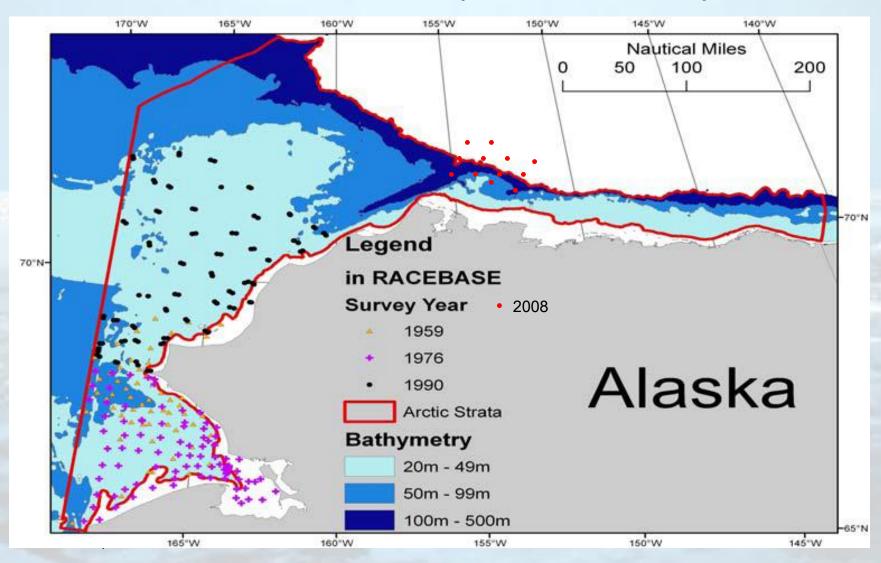
Orensanz, J. L., B. Ernst, D. Armstrong, P. Stabeno, and P. Livingston. 2004. Contraction of the geographic range of distribution of snow crab (*Chionoecetes opilio*) in the eastern Bering Sea: An environmental ratchet? CalCOFI Rep. 45: 65-79.





### Surveys

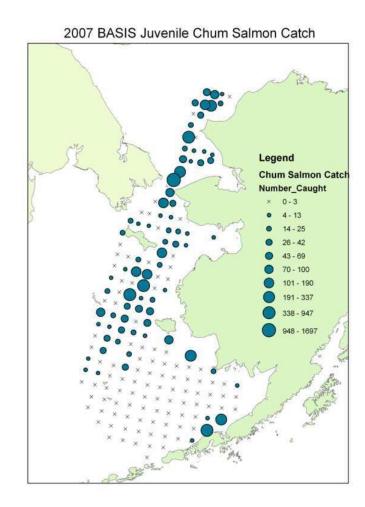
# Insufficient information to make adequate assessments (Arctic FMP)





#### **Chukchi Sea Surface Trawl Survey**

All five species of salmon were observed in the Chukchi Sea during 2007.

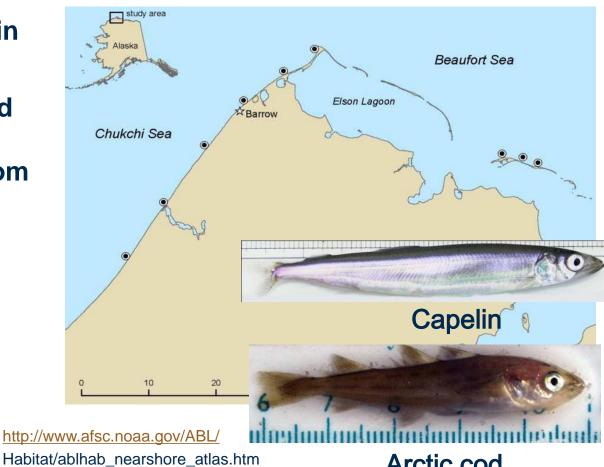




#### **Nearshore Arctic Fish Surveys**

- Established baseline in 2007-2009.
- **Capelin and Arctic cod** accounted for 80% of beach seine and bottom trawl catches.





Habitat/ablhab\_nearshore\_atlas.htm

Arctic cod



#### **Beaufort Sea Survey**



#### Six Species Have Extended Range from the Bering or Chukchi Seas to the Beaufort Sea



Marbled eelpout



Pacific cod



Bigeye sculpin



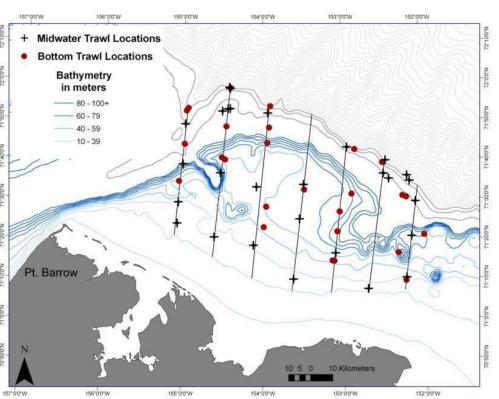
Bering flounder



Walleye pollock



Salmon snailfish







### **Brittle stars and Arctic cod were dominant**





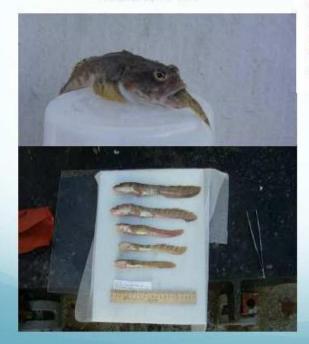
#### **RUSALCA**

Related physical and biological sampling

#### Impacts: Probable Migration of Fish Northward



Surveys west to the East Siberian Sea and North to 77°30



#### Principal Investigators

Natalia Chernova, Daria Petrova, Catherine Mecklenburg, Brenda Holladay, Christine Gleason, Morgan Busby, Brenda Norcross

25 stations.

The most northerly trawl ever taken in the Pacific Arctic region. 22 species were collected; many species are rare to science.

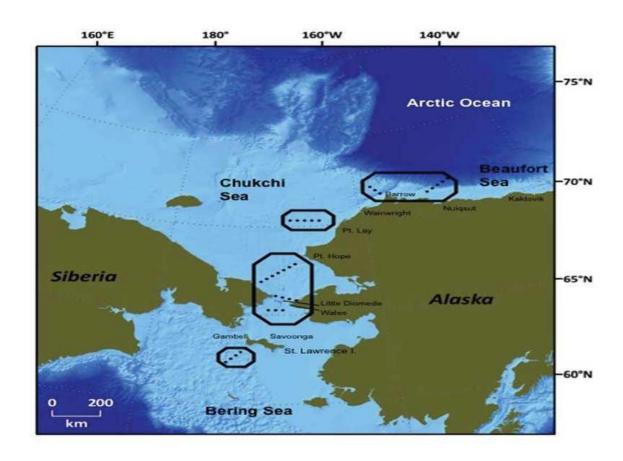
14 additional Species were collected during RUSALCA 2009

Photos courtesy of Dan Torres



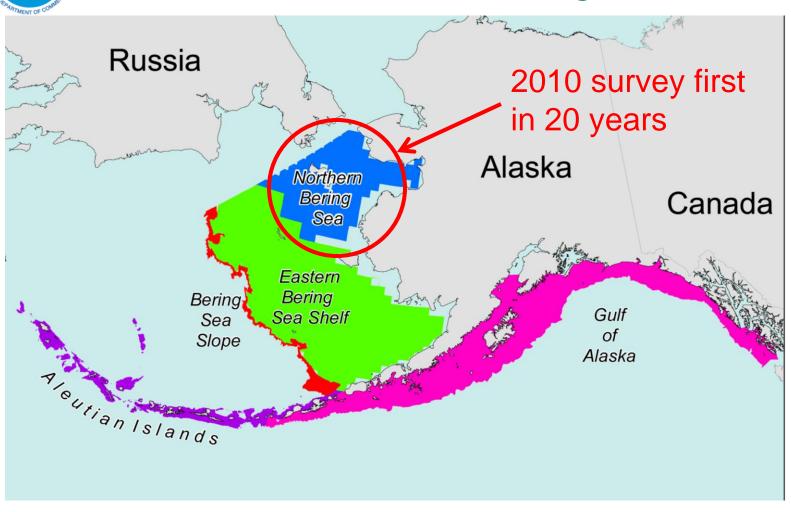
#### **Distributed Biological Observatory**

Related physical and biological sampling





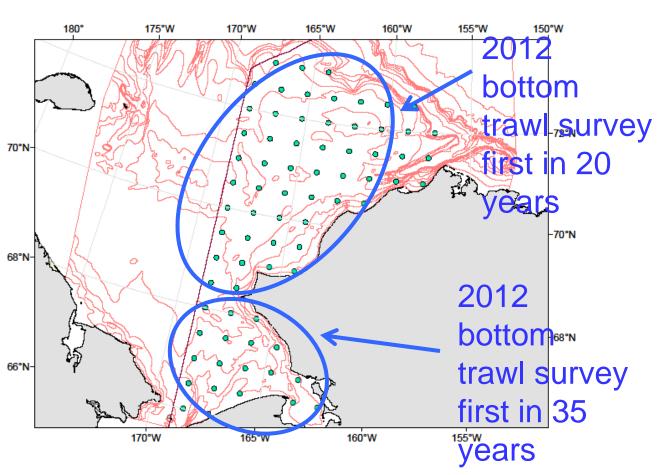
# **Loss of Sea Ice Program: Standard NOAA surveys**





- Planned 2012
- Bottom trawl
- Acoustics
- Surface trawl
- Physical and biological oceanography

# **Loss of Sea Ice Program Standard NOAA surveys**





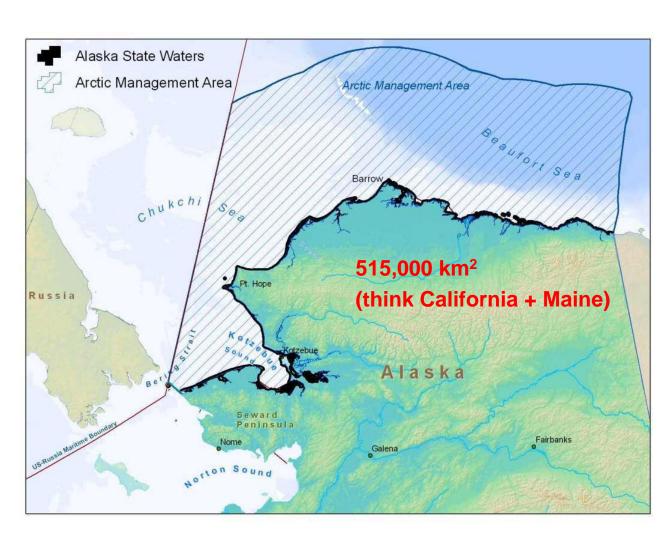
# NOAA Policies on Arctic Fishing



#### **Arctic Fishery Management Plan**

- Closes Arctic Management Area to commercial fishing
- Public comment period and Secretarial review

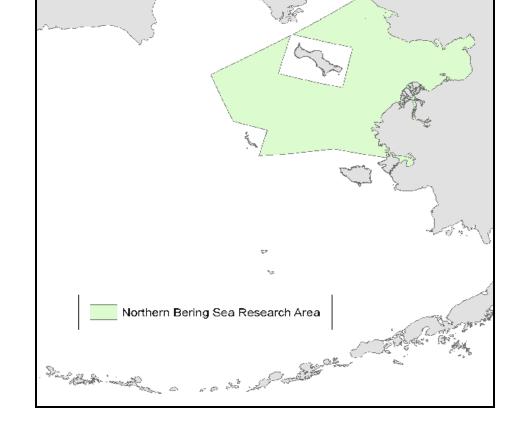






#### **Northern Bering Sea Research Area**

Closed to bottom trawling until research conducted and a plan developed to manage fishing in the area, including appropriate protection measures

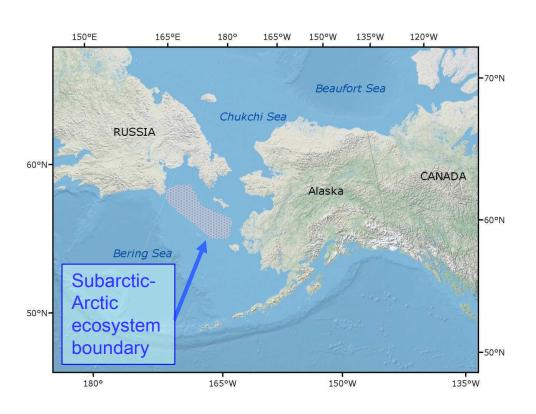




Per NPFMC final action in June 2007 Effective August 25, 2008 (73 FR 43362)



#### **Summary**



- The Bering Sea cold pool likely will remain as a barrier for northward shift of abundant southeastern Bering Sea bottom fish populations
- Periodic standard surveys of the northern Bering, Chukchi and Beaufort Seas are necessary for monitoring Arctic change